



Financial Statements 2021

N.C.O. "Aventus Finance" S.R.L.

Financial statements
For the year ended at 31 December 2021

In accordance with National Standards of Accounting

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Societatea de audit «Manager Audit» SRL Cod fiscal - 1013600031328

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In attention to associates
N.C.O. "Aventus Finance" S.R.L.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of N.C.O. "Aventus Finance" S.R.L. (the Company), which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2021, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with National Standards of Accounting.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Republic of Moldova and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit aspects

The key audit aspects are those that, based on our professional judgment, were of the greatest importance for the audit of the current financial statements. These issues have been addressed in the context of the audit of the financial statements as a whole and in the formation of our opinion on them and we do not provide a separate opinion on these issues.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

This report is addressed exclusively to the Company's shareholders as a whole. Our audit was performed in order to be able to report to the Company's shareholders those aspects that we must report in a financial audit report, and not for other purposes. To the extent permitted by law, we accept and assume responsibility only to the Company and its shareholders, as a whole, for our audit, for this report or for the opinion formed.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with National Standards of Accounting and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Date of the report:

28 th of March 2022

Made by:

Audit company "Manager Audit" SRL

MD-2005, mun. Chisinau, 55, Petru Rares str.

Auditor,

Schendrea Nina

Qualification certificate of the auditor AG 000001



BALANCE SHEET AT 31.12.2021

No.	Indicators	Note	2020	2021
A.	FIXED ASSETS			
	I. Intangible assets			
	Intangible assets under execution			
	2. Intangible assets in exploitation, total	4	15,960	51,129
	of which:	4		
	2.1. concessions, licenses and trademarks	4	4,697	4,576
	2.2. copyright and protection titles			-
	2.3. computer programs	4	11,263	7,560
	2.4. other intangible assets			38,992
	3. Goodwill			
	4. Advance payments for intangible assets			
	Total intangible assets		15,960	51,129
	II. Tangible assets			
	1. Tangible assets under execution	5		8,850
	2. Lands			
	3. Fixed assets, total	5	473,639	1,159,237
	of which:			
	3.1. buildings			
	3.2. special constructions			
	3.3. machines, machinery and technical installations	5	291,970	357,618
	3.4. means of transport			608,278
	3.5. inventory and furniture			
	3.6. other fixed means	5	181,669	193,340
	4. Mineral resources			
	5. Immobilized biological assets			
	6. Real estate investments			
	7. Advances granted for property, plant and equipment			
	Total tangible assets		473,639	1,168,087
	III. Long-term financial investments			
	1. Long-term financial investments in unaffiliated parties			
	2. Long-term financial investments in affiliated parties, total			
	of which:			
	2.1. shares and participation shares held in affiliated			
	parties			
	2.2. loans to affiliated parties			
	2.3. loans granted for participation interests			
	2.4. other financial investments			
	Total long-term investments (row140 + row150)		0	0
	IV. Long-term receivables and other fixed assets			
	1. Long-term trade receivables			
	2. Claims of long-term affiliated parties			30

	including: receivables related to participation interests			
	3. Other long-term receivables	6	107,634	154,489
1	4. Long-term anticipated expenses			
	5. Other fixed assets			
	Total long-term receivables and other fixed assets		107,634	154,489
	TOTAL FIXED ASSETS		597,233	1,373,705
B.	CIRCULATING ASSETS			
	I. Inventory			
	1. Materials and objects of small value and short	7		
	duration		165,584	133,697
	2. Current biological assets		,	
	2. Production in progress			
	3. Products and goods			
	4. Advances granted for stocks	7	18,289	369
	Total Inventory		183,873	134,066
	II. Current receivables and other current assets		130,0.0	10 1,000
	Current trade receivables			12,000
	2. Receivables of current affiliates			12,000
	including:			
	receivables related to participation interests			
1	3. Budget receivables	8	368,142	5
lt	4. Employee receivables	9	25,513	10,200
	5. Other current receivables	10	4,213,783	5,233,069
	6. Current anticipated expenses	11	4,648	30,972
	7. Other circulating assets		7,040	30,772
	Total current receivables and other current assets		4,612,086	5,286,246
	III. Current financial investments		4,012,000	3,200,240
	Current financial investments in unaffiliated parties	12	29,604,646	59,274,609
	2. Current financial investments in related parties, total	12	27,004,040	39,274,009
	of which:			
1	2.1. shares and participation shares held in affiliated			
1 1	parties			
	2.2. loans to related parties			
L				
	2.3. loans granted for participation interests			
	2.4. other financial investments in related parties			
-	Total current financial investments			
			29,604,646	59,274,609
	IV. Cash and money documents	13	1,268,590	1,700,874
<u> </u>	TOTAL CIRCULATING ASSETS		35,669,195	66,395,795
	TOTAL ASSETS		36,266,428	67,769,500
	OWN CAPITAL			
-	I. Social and unregistered capital			
ļ	1. Social capital	14	2,500,000	2,500,000
	2. Unpaid capital		()	()
	3. Unregistered capital			
	4. Retired capital		()	()

	5. Patrimony received from the state with property right			
	Total social and unregistered capital		2,500,000	2,500,000
	II. Capital premiums		120,981	120,981
	III. Reserves			
	1. Reserve capital			
	2. Statutory reserves			
	3. Other reserves			
	Total reserves		0	0
	IV. Profit (loss)			
	Corrections to the results of previous years			(14,847)
	2. Undistributed profit (uncovered loss) of previous			(14,047)
	years		530,499	(2,387,897)
	3. Net profit (net loss) of the management period		(2,918,396)	6,279,500
	4. Profit used during the management period		()	()
	Total profit (loss)		(2,387,897)	3,876,756
	V. Revaluation reserves		(2,007,057)	0,070,700
	VI. Other own capital elements			
	TOTAL OWN CAPITAL		233,084	6,497,737
D.	LONG-TERM DEBTS		255,004	0,477,737
	1. Long-term bank loans			
	2. Long-term loans	15		57,367,799
	of which:	13		31,301,199
	2.1. loans from the bond issue			
	including: loans from the issue of convertible bonds			
	2.2. other long-term loans			
	3. Long-term trade debts	16		401 477
	Long-term debts to affiliated parties	10		421,477
	•			
	including: debts related to participation interests			
	5. Long-term advances received			
	6. Long-term anticipated income			
	7. Other long-term debts			
	TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBTS		0	57,789,276
E.	CURRENT DEBTS			
	1. Short-term bank loans			
	2. Short-term loans, total	17	34,589,378	811,597
	of which:			
	2.1. loans from the bond issue			
	including: loans from the issue of convertible bonds			
	2.2. other short-term loans			
	3. Current commercial debts	18	294,833	867,937
	4. Current debts to affiliate parties			
	including: debts related to participation interests			
	5. Current advances received			
	6. Liabilities towards employees	19	425,021	571,320
	7. Social and medical insurance debts	20	102,053	142,520

	8. Debts to the budget	21	102,776	386,667
	9. Debts to owners			
	10. Current anticipated income			
	11. Other current debts	22	146,233	229,617
	TOTAL CURRENT DEBTS		35,660,294	3,009,658
F.	PROVISIONS			
	1. Provisions for employee benefits	23	373,050	472,829
	2. Provisions for guarantees granted to buyers /			
	customers			
	3. Provisions for taxes			
	4. Other provisions			
	TOTAL PROVISIONS		373,050	472,829
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		36,266,428	67,769,500

Attached notes constitute integral parts of these financial statements.

Roman Guțu

Director N.C.O. "Aventus Finance" S.R.D.

«AVENTUS FINANCE»

S.R.L.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year 2021

Indicators	Note	2020	2021
Sales income, total	24	36,324,482	56,459,157
from which:			
income from the sale of products and goods			
revenues from the provision of services and			
execution of works			
revenues from construction contracts			
income from leasing contracts			
revenues from microfinance contracts	24	36,324,482	56,459,157
other sales revenue			
Sales cost, total	25	12,593,295	21,285,103
from which:			
the book value of the products and goods sold			
the cost of the services provided and the works			
performed to third parties			
costs related to construction contracts			
costs related to leasing contracts			***************************************
costs related to microfinance contracts	25	12,593,295	21,285,103
other sales costs			
Gross profit (gross loss) (rd.010 - rd.020)		23,731,187	35,174,054
Other income from operational activity	26	8,114,968	10,894,371
Distribution expenses	27	8,579,370	12,195,283
Administrative costs	28	6,814,432	14,383,403
Other expenses from operational activity	29	16,779,426	15,252,910
The result from the operationg activity:			
profit (loss)		(327,073)	4,236,829
Financial income, total	30	1,190,817	4,769,806
from which:			
income from participation interests			
including: revenues obtained from affiliated			
parties			
interest income	30	15	
including: revenues obtained from affiliated			
parties			
income from other long-term financial			
investments			
including: revenues obtained from affiliated			
parties			
income related to value adjustments regarding			
long-term and current financial investments			
income from the exit of financial investments			
income related to exchange rate and amount	30		
differences		1,190,802	4,769,806
Financial expenses, total	30	3,782,140	2,135,538

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

from which:			
Interest charges			
including: expenses related to affiliated parties			
expenses related to value adjustments regarding			
long-term and current financial investments			
expenses related to the exit of financial investments			
expenses related to exchange rate and amount	30		
differences		3,782,140	2,135,538
Results: financial gross profit (gross loss)		(2,591,323)	2,634,268
Income with fixed and exceptional assets			15,000
Expenses with fixed and exceptional assets			5,340
The result from operations with fixed and			
exceptional assets: profit (loss)		0	9,660
The result of other activities: profit (loss)		(2,591,323)	2,643,928
Profit (loss) until taxation		(2,918,396)	6,880,757
Income tax expenses	31	0	601,257
Net profit (net loss) of the management			
period		(2,918, 396) G	6,279,500

(signature)

Attached notes constitute integral parts of these financial statements.

Roman Guţu

Director N.C.O. "Aventus Finance" S.R.L.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year 2021

		Г	Balance at the			
			beginning of			Dolongo et the
			the			Balance at the end of the
		Row	management		1	
No.	Indicators	Code	period	Increases	Decreases	management
1	2	3	4	5	6	period 7
1	Statutory and additional				0	/
	capital					
	Social capital	10	2,500,000			2,500,000
	Additional capital	20	()	()	()	()
	Unspent capital	30	,	,	,	0
	Unregistered capital	40	()	()	()	()
	Retired capital	50	,	,	,	0
	Total statutory and additional	60	2,500,000	0	0	2,500,000
	capital (row 010 + row 020 +		2,200,000	U	0	2,500,000
	row 030 + row 040 + row 050)					
2	Capital premiums	70	120,981			120,981
3	Reserves		120,501			0
	Capital reserve	80				0
	Statutory reserves	90				0
	Other reserves	100				0
	Total reserves (row 070 + row	110	0	0	0	0
	080 + row 090)			Ů	Ĭ	· ·
3	Retained earning (profit or					0
	loss)					o .
	Corrections to previous years	120	X		14,847	(14,847)
	results				.,,	(11,017)
	Non-distributed profit (loss not	130	(2,387,897)			(2,387,897)
	covered) of previous years					(=,007,007)
	Net profit (net loss) of the	140		6,279,500		6,279,500
	management period			-,,		,,
	Profit used during the	150	X	()	()	
	management period		,			
	Total retained earning (profit	160	(2,387,897)	6,279,500	14,847	3,876,756
	or loss) (row 120 + row 130 +			,,		, ,
	row 140 + row 150)					
4	Reserves from reevaluation	170				0
5	Other elements of own capital	180				0
	Total own capital (row 060 +	190	233,084	6,279,500	14,847	6,497,737
	row 070 + row 110 + row 160 +				5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	row 170 + row 180)	27				

CASH FLOWS STATEMENT For the year 2021

Tor the year			·
	Row		
Indicators	code	2020	2021
Cash flows from operational activity			
Proceeds from sales	10	29,418,687	52,113,971
Payments for stocks and services purchased	20	11,765,020	20,198,976
Payments to employees and social and health	30		12,470,726
insurance bodies		7,013,992	
Interests paid	40	4,159,782	7,146,257
Payment of income tax	50	556,150	30,000
Other proceeds	60	100,491,856	173,475,410
Other pyments	70	111,042,466	210,691,272
The net cash flow from the operational activity (row 010 - row 020 - row 030 - row 040 - row 050 + row 060 - row 070) Cash flows from investment activity	80	(4,626,867)	(24,947,850)
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets	90		
Payments for inflows of fixed assets	100	357,552	438,377
Interests collected	110	331,332	436,377
Dividends collected	120		
including: foreign dividends collected			
Other proceeds (payments)	121		
	130	(255 550)	
The net cash flow from the investment activity (row 090 – row 100 + row 110 + row 120 ± row130)	140	(357,552)	(438,377)
Cash flows from financial activity			
Proceeds in the form of loans and credit	150	15 647 645	25 924 000
Payments related to repayment of loans and credit	160	15,647,645	25,834,969
Dividends paid	170	7,534,916	
including: dividends paid to foreigners		470,000	M-C-1.
Proceeds from capital operations	171		
Other proceeds (payments)	180		W. T
Net cash flow from financial activity (row 150 –	190	15	05.001.000
row 160 – row 170 + row 180 ± row 190)	200	7,642,744	25,834,969
Toal net cash flow (± row 080 ± row 140 ± row 200)	210	2,658,325	448,742
Favorable (unfavorable) exchange rate differences	220	(2,591,323)	(16,458)
Cash balance at the beginning of the management period	230	1,201,588	1,268,590
Cash balance at the end of the management period (± row 210 ± row 220 + row 230)	240	1,268,590	1,700,874

Attached notes constitute integral parts of these financial statements.

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

1. General information about the company

The company was founded on August 09, 2017. The company's activity is regulated by two main laws: Law nr. 135-XVI from 14.06.2007 and Law regarding non-bank credit organizations nr. 1 from 16.03.2019 which define the aim and the main principles for acting as a microfinancing organization.

The main goal of microfinance organizations is to increase and facilitate the access to financial sources to the population, individual entrepreneurs and micro, small and medium enterprises.

The microfinance organizations have several principles of activity, which can be summarized as follows:

- a) To ensure financial stability in microfinance sector
- b) To ensure transparency in microfinance sector
- c) To respect the principle of fair competition.

The company's activity is supervised by the National Commission of Financial Market.

The company rents surfaces (31 August 1989, 197.6 sq.m.) for its main office, which is situated in mun. Chisinau, 31 August 1989 street, 64.

The executive management of the company is ensured by Mr. Roman Gutu since August 2017.

For 2021, the responsible for accounting and bookkeeping services, chief-accountant Nadejda Cazac.

The sole shareholder of the business is the company UAB "Aldega" incorporated in Lithuania (100%).

The main activity of the company is to grant consumer loans and other loans for personal reasons to individuals (residents).

At the end of year 2021, the company has 71 employees.

Since the start of the emergency situation in Moldova, 16 March 2020, the company has tightened the rules for granting loans because of decrease of receipts for due rates during this period of crisis.

In this way, since the beginning of April the entity has adopted a decision for reorganisation and restructuring of the activity such as:

- Stop long-term lending,
- Stop calculating of the penalties during the period of emergency,
- Rescheduling of the due rates for customers affected by the reduction of income, by modifying
 the schedule of payments with extension from 1 month to 3 months, without any additional
 interest or fees,
- Coverage by the company of the fees charged by the payment service providers.

In addition, the new CNPF regulation regarding asset classification entered into force from 17.01.2020 will have a negative impact on 2021 results.

2. Basis of presentation

The financial year begins at 1st of January and ends to 31st of December and includes all the operations made by the company within the period.

All the relevant indicators linked to company's activity and reflecting financial and economic results from the activity during the financial year are included and reflected in the financial statements of the financial year.

The financial statements are drawn up in MDL (Moldavian leu). The financial statements are prepared based on historical cost, modified as consequence from financial assets and liabilities reevaluations.

3. Significant accounting policies

a. Accounting principles

Financial statements are drawn up in accordance with National Standards of Accounting approved by the Ministry of Financial Affairs. Since 01.01.2015, the company has switched to new standards of accounting and new accounting plan.

b. Conversion of outstandings denominated in foreign currencies

All the transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate at the date of transaction. At the date of Balance sheet, the assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are converted using closing exchange rate.

Exchange rates at the end of the year and annual average exchange rates are:

	2021		2020	
	USD	EUR	USD	EUR
Average of the period End of year	17.6816 17.7452	20.9255 20.0938	17.3201 17.2146	19.7436 21.1266

c. Tangible assets (fixed assets)

Tangible assets (fixed assets) recognized as assets are recorded initially at their original cost. After initial recognition, these assets are stated at cost of acquisition reduced by cumulated depreciation.

Costs for repairs, maintenance or other measures for maintaining the asset are reported as operating expenses for the respective accounting period. Subsequent expenses afferent to tangible assets are capitalized to the extent, in condition of increase of asset performance above intial recognition.

The depreciation is primarily computed by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, as indicated in the table below:

Tangible assets	Useful life (years)
Equipments, furniture and computers	3
Other tangible assets	3-5

Each tangible asset with value higher than 6 000 MDL and an estimated useful life higher than 1 year is capitalized. Thus, tangible asset with cost of acquisition less than 6 000 MDL should be considered as expense.

d. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Subsequent expenditures on intangible assets are capitalized with condition of increase of future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which they relate. All other expenditures are recorded as incurred.

Amortization is charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the intangible assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Intangible assets	Useful life (years)
Trade-mark	20
Licenses	3-5
Software	3-5

e. Granted loans and provisions for impairment on granted loans

Loans are stated at their nominal value, minus general provisions for impairment on granted loans.

The general provisions are established in compliance with the "Regulation about the classification of loans and calculated interests by microfinance organizations" adopted by the NCFM decision based on the evaluation of the loan portfolio at the end of the financial year. The general provisions don't include provisions for unearned interests.

Provisions for impairment on granted loans are recorded as expenses in the profit and loss account.

In case of a loan which can't be recovered and all necessary legal procedures have been exhausted, the outstanding loan amount should be deducted from total amount of general provisions and total amount of loans.

According to the Regulation about the classification of loans and calculated interests by microfinance organizations, approved by NCFM decision nr. nr. 60/4 from 16.12.2021, each loan should be classified in one of five categories (see below) and the amount of resources required for general provisions reserve account should be determined by applying the following percentages to the outstanding of loans from each category as follows:

Credit category	Rating (%)
Standard	2%
Supervised	5%
Sub-standard	30%
Doubtful	60%
Compromised	100%

f. Receivables

Receivables recognized as assets are stated at their nominal value. They include the following:

- Receivables related to calculated income from interests and commissions from granted loans
- Receivables related to advances paid to suppliers for commercial bills and bailiffs
- State taxes for judgement examination and other competent bodies

g. Inventories

Inventories represent tangible assets and low value and short useful life objects that are held for use in the normal activity of the company.

Stock accounting is kept quantitatively and qualitatively by using permanent inventory.

Raw materials inventories are stated at the lowest value between cost and net realizable value.

Low value and short useful life objects (OMVSD –in Romanian) are stated at their cost less accumulated depreciation. For assets which value is less than 6000 MDL, but higher than 1000 MDL, the depreciation is calculated as 100% at the date of operation. Objects with unit prices less than 1000 MDL are reflected as expenses at the date of operation.

h. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of cash flows statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash in bank accounts.

The balance of cash on hand and bank accounts is stated at its nominal value in MDL in the balance sheet. The balance of cash on hand and in bank accounts in foreign currencies is stated in MDL in the

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

balance sheet by applying the official exchange rate at the date of financial statements. All operations in foreign currencies should be recorded initially in MDL by applying the official exchange rate at the date of initial recording.

Bank accounts comprise:

- Current accounts in MDL
- Current accounts in foreign currencies
- Deposit accounts

i. Bank deposits

Bank deposits are temporary cash availabilities that are placed on deposits with agreed maturity and with interest.

The balance of deposit accounts in MDL is stated at nominal value in MDL in the balance sheet. The balance of deposit accounts in foreign currencies are stated in MDL in the balance sheet, by applying the official exchange rate at the date of financial statements.

i. Cash in transit

The aim of this account is to record all the payments and the receipts related to loan repayments and other afferent payments made by the intermediary of financial institutions and payment service providers.

Receipts are recorded to the credit of this account and payment of loans, interests, fees, penalties and other payments to the debit of this account.

Deferred charges

Deferred charges comprise:

- Subscription to specialist periodicals,
- Blanks.
- Expenses related to maintenance of web domain,

The depreciation of tyres and accumulators is recorded separately: the tyres are depreciated following the distance travelled by the car, but the accumulators are depreciated by the straight-line method over the utilization period.

Equity and reserves

Equity is represented by share capital of the entity.

Reserves accounting is kept by categories:

- Legal reserves;
- Statutory and contractual reserves;
- Other reserves.

Legal reserves are constituted each year from net profit, within the limits and statutory rates. Those can be used only in conditions provided by law.

Statutory and contractual reserves are constituted each year from net profit, according to provisions of the statute.

Other reserves may be established optionally from net profit, aimed to cover accounting losses or for other purposes according to General Assembly of shareholders or members decision in compliance with the law.

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

m. Dividends

Dividends to be paid are recorded only after General Assembly of shareholders or members decision on obtained results basis. Payment of dividends is made in cash. Accounting reports serve as a basis for profit distribution and other allocations.

n. Liabilities

Liabilities represent financial obligations money, goods or services that are owed to another parties – Creditors aimed to finance the company's activity.

Liabilities are stated at their nominal value recorded in documents that attest their appearance.

When foreign currency liabilities are settled in a subsequent accounting period, the exchange rate difference recognized during each financial year, which occurs until the settlement date, should be determined taking into account the fluctuations of NBM official exchange rates, which occurred during each financial exercise.

For liabilities denominated in MDL, but whose settlement is based on a foreign currency, any positive or negative difference resulting from their evaluation have to be registered in financial revenues or expenses, as appropriate.

At each balance sheet date, liabilities denominated in foreign currencies should be valued at the NBM official exchange rate and valid on the date of each financial year.

Liabilities are constituted of:

- Bank loans.
- Loans granted by shareholders / founders,
- Interest expenses on received loans,
- Account payables,
- Liabilities towards budget, employees and other creditors.
- Provisions for impairment related to granted loans, etc.

o. Recognition of revenues and expenses

According to National Standards of Accounting, revenues and expenses are recorded in accounting at the moment of their appearance.

Revenues comprise amounts received or to be received by the entity from its current activity, and other gains from any sources.

Revenues are classified as follows:

- Revenues from operating activity (interest income, commission income, penalties, etc.),
- Revenues from investing activity (tangible assets operations),
- Financial revenues,
- Extraordinary revenues.

The general criteria for revenue recognition are:

- The entity is likely to receive economic benefits from the performed operation;
- The size of revenue can be measured reliably.

Revenues are measured at the fair values of received or to be received items from debtors.

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

Revenues obtained during the reporting period but which relate to future periods are reflected as anticipated revenues in accounts.

In case the maturity of clients liabilities towards the entity is higher than 3 months, interest income and revenues from commissions for granted loans aren't calculated.

Expenses represent amounts paid and payable for:

- Loans and borrowings,
- Works performed and services provided in benefit to the entity,
- Staff costs,
- Execution of legal and contractual obligations, etc.

Also, expenses related to the financial exercise include provisions, depreciation/amortization and adjustments for depreciation/amortization or impairment losses.

The accounts for expenditures are kept by types of expenditures, as follows:

- Expenses from operating activity,
- Expenses from investing activity (tangible assets operations),
- Financial expenses,
- Extraordinary expenses.

p. Result

Financial net result (profit or loss) is established cumulative from the beginning of the financial exercise. The final result is established at the end of the financial year and it represents the balance of the profit and loss account.

Profits distribution/allocation is accounted by destinations, after approval of annual financial statements. As I mentionned, dividends are distributed according to General Assembly of shareholders/members decision.

Accounting loss is covered by profit of the current financial year and retained earnings, reserves and share capital, according to General Assembly of shareholders/members decision and to law.

q. Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offsetted, and net amount is registered in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is intention to settle or realize them on a net basis.

Revenues and expenditures are offsetted only when the Standard allows it or profits and losses occur in a group of similar transactions and aren't significant.

r. Pension costs and employees' benefits

"Aventus Finance" S.R.L. makes payments to the National House of Social Insurance and to the National House of Medical Insurance on behalf of its employees for pension, health care and unemployment benefit calculated based on employees' salaries. "Aventus Finance" S.R.L. does not operate any other defined benefit plan and has no obligation to provide further services to current or former employees.

s. Income tax

Income tax for the year is calculated based on the profit of the financial year adjusted by deductible and non-deductible elements and using tax rates in force at the balance sheet date.

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

Current Income tax is the total amount calculated for payment on the whole amount of taxable income for the reporting period, using tax rates in force or in process of approval at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax income calculated for previous reporting periods.

Tax rate used to calculate income tax at the date of 31st of December 2021 is 12%.

t. Related parties

Parties are considered related if at least one of them has the capacity to control or to influence others in the process of financial and operational decision making.

Transactions between related parties represent transfer of resources or obligations between related parties without necessary to imply a price.

u. Use of estimations

In order to prepare financial statements in compliance with National standards of Accounting, the management has to make estimations and assumptions that can affect the amounts and balances reported in financial statements and notes. These estimations are based on available information at the date of financial statements. Therefore, current results could be different from those estimations. These estimations are reviewed periodically, and changes are recorded in the period they become known.

v. Events after the Balance Sheet Date

Events after the balance sheet date are reflected in the financial statements if they provide additional information about the entity's situation at balance sheet date (events that need adjustements), or indicate that the hypothesis of business continuity is not appropriate. Subsequent events which do not require adjustments are disclosed in the notes, if they are significant.

4. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The movements of intangible assets during the year ended to 31 of December 2021 are presented in the table below:

	Software	Trade-mark	Intangible assets in progress	Total
Cost	MDL	MDL	MDL	MDL
Balance at 1 January 2021	19,838	4,817	0	24,655
Acquisition	0	0	51,990	51,990
Transfers				0
Disposal				0
Balance at 31 December 2021	19,838	4,817	51,990	76,645
Cumulated amortization				0
Balance at 1 January 2021	8,575	120	0	8,695
Charge for the year	3,703	120	12998	16,821
Disposals		0		0
Balance at 31 December 2021	12,278	240	12,998	25,516
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2021	7,560	4,577	38,992	51,129
At 31 December 2020	11,263	4,697	0	15,960

The movements of intangible assets during the year ended to 31 of December 2020 are presented in the table below:

	Software	Trade-mark	Intangible assets in progress	Total
Cost	MDL	MDL	MDL	MDL
Balance at 1 January 2020	19,838	4,817	0	24,655
Acquisition	0	0		0
Transfers				0
Disposal				0
Balance at 31 December 2020	19,838	4,817	0	24,655
Cumulated amortization				0
Balance at 1 January 2020	3,217	0		3,217
Charge for the year	5,358	120		5,478
Disposals		0		0
Balance at 31 December 2020	8,575	120	0	8,695
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2020	11,263	4,697	0	15,960
At 31 December 2019	16,621	4,817	0	21,438

TANGIBLE ASSETS

	IT	Vehicles	Other assets	Assets in	Total
	MDL	MDL	MDL	MDL	MDL
Cost					
Balance at 1 January 2021	570,438	0	266,177	0	836,615
Acquisition	133,385	618,588	233,642	668,685	1,654,300
Transfers				659,835	659,835
Disposal	45,766				45,766
Balance at 31 December 2021	658,056	618,588	499,820	8,850	1,785,314
Cumulated depreciation					
Balance at 1 January 2021	254,996	0	107,980	0	362,976
Charge for the year	108,927	10,310	175,440		294,677
Disposals	40,426				40,426
Balance at 31 December 2021	323,497	10,310	283,420	0	617,227
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2021	334,559	608,278	216,400	8,850	1,168,087
At 31 December 2020	315,442	0	158,198	0	473,639

The movements of tangible assets during the year ended to 31 of December 2020 are presented in the table below:

310,257	0	83,862	226,395	At 31 December 2019
473,639	0	158,197	315,442	At 31 December 2020
				Carrying amount
0 362,976	0	107,980	254,996	Disposals Balance at 31 December 2020
210,195		64,062	146,133	Charge for the year
152,781		43,918	108,863	Cumulated depreciation Balance at 1 January 2020
836,615	0	266,177	570,438	Balance at 31 December 2020
0				Transfers
373,577		138,398	235,179	Acquisition
463,038	0	127,779	335,259	Balance at 1 January 2020
MDL	MDL	MDL	MDL	
Total	progress	Other assets	equipments	
	Accete in		T	

6. OTHER LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES 2021 2020 **MDL** MDL Deposit guarantees for leasing contracts 153,239 106,384 Other advances 1,250 1,250 154,489 107,634 7. INVENTORY 2021 2020 MDL MDL Marketing materials 25,500 Other inventory 915 3,610 Low value and short useful life objects 132,782 136,474 Advances granted for stocks 369 18,289 134,066 183,873 8. **BUDGET RECEIVABLES** 2021 2020 MDL **MDL** Income tax from business activity 368,124 Witholding taxes 4 4 Income tax from salaries 14 Taxes for country planning 5 368,142 9. **EMPLOYEE RECEIVABLES** 2021 2020 MDL MDL Individual social security contributions 10,200 25,513 10,200 25,513 10. OTHER CURRENT RECEIVABLES 2021 2020 **MDL** MDL Receivables related to calculated income 4,008,425 3,187,231 Receivables partners for incoming payments 614,514 756,877 Receivables related to granted loans 57,600 57,000 Judicial expenses 435,520 194,371 Other short-term receivables 677 677 Short term advances (for services in country) 116,095 17,389 Short term advances (abroad) 238 238 5,233,069 4,213,783 Receivables related to calculated income (details) 2021 2020 MDL **MDL** Accrued Interest receivable 2,335,024 1,759,432

4,146,345

(832,502)

(1,640,442)

Accrued Commissions on loans

Provision for Accrued Interest receivable

Provisions for commissions on loans

4,227,316

(709,375)

(2,090,143)

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

4,008,425	3,187,231
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Provisions related to interest on loans (details)

Calculated provisions represent impairment provisions related to interest on loans.

2021

		%	
Overdues	Interest	provision	Provision
Standard	459,690	2%	9,194
Supervised	589,614	5%	29,481
Sub-standard	674,499	30%	202,350
Doubtful	49,360	60%	29,616
Compromised	561,861	100%	561,861
	2,335,024		832,502
Balance impairment provisions	832,502		

2020

		%	
Overdues	Interest	provision	Provision
Standard	353,921	2%	7,079
Supervised	315,718	5%	15,786
Sub-standard	342,554	30%	102,766
Doubtful	408,737	60%	245,242
Compromised	338,502	100%	338,502
	1,759,432		709,375
Balance impairment provisions	709,375		

Impairment provisions	2021	2020
Balance at 1st of January	709,375	426,259
Write-offs	871,177	897,533
Annual expenses	994,304	1,182,752
Cancel provision	83,831	2,103
Recovery	83,831	
Balance at 31st of December	832,502	709,375

Provisions related to commission on loans (details)

Calculated provisions represent impairment provisions related to commission on loans.

2021

	4,146,345		1,640,442
Compromised	1,419,341	100%	1,419,341
Doubtful	174,478	60%	104,687
Sub-standard	190,030	30%	57,009
Supervised	405,179	5%	20,259
Standard	1,957,317	2%	39,146
Overdues	Interest	provision	Provision
		%	

Balance impairment provisions

1,640,442

2020

		%	
Overdues	Interest	provision	Provision
Standard	845,769	2%	16,915
Supervised	397,701	5%	19,885
Sub-standard	422,430	30%	126,729
Doubtful	1,587,008	60%	952,205
Compromised	974,409	100%	974,409
	4,227,316		2,090,143
Balance impairment provisions	2,090,143		

Impairment provisions	2021	2020
Balance at 1st of January	2,090,143	0
Write-offs	2,979,389	1,572,940
Annual expenses	2,529,688	3,663,945
Cancel provision	126,786	862
Recovery	126,786	
Balance at 31st of December	1,640,442	2,090,143

Receivables partners for incoming payments (details)

	2021	2020
	MDL	MDL
Paymaster SRL	147,890	89,325
Paynet Services SRL	113,705	259,458
Qiwi-M SRL	12,953	34,815
INCASO SRL	1,470	111,253
IS POSTA MOLDOVEI	166,974	97,425
BPAY SRL	42,913	57,055
Other short term receivables	128,608	107,546
	614,514	756,877

Receipts on behalf of "Aventus Finance" SRL are recorded on this account.

11. CURRENT ANTICIPATED EXPENSES

Deffered expenses (details):

	2021	2020
	MDL	MDL
Subscription to specialist periodicals	1,999	1,799
JivoChat license		197
Car insurance	25,682	
Dropbox license		30
AmCham member contribution	1,011	1,293
Domain registration aventus.md	1,075	941
Domain registration kredit7.md	796	346
Domain registration kredit365.md	75	

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

Domain registration automoney.md Blanks	291	42
	30,972	4,648

12. CURRENT FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS - GRANTED LOANS

The main activity of the company is to grant consumer loans and other loans for personal reasons to individuals (residents).

	2021		20	20
	Number of contracts	MDL	Number of contracts	MDL
Short term loans	12,102	69,276,831	10,107	38,673,529
	12,102	69,276,831	10,107	38,673,529

The portfolio of granted loans increased by 79% in comparison with last year, or with 30,603 KMDL.

	2021 MDL	2020 MDL
Short term loans	69,276,831	38,673,529
Provision short term loans	(10,002,222)	(9,068,883)
Net balance short term loans	59,274,609	29,604,646

Classification of overdue payments

	2021		2020	
Overdues	Portfolio	Share	Portfolio	Share
	MDL	%	MDL	%
Standard	48,472,791	70%	20,196,434	52%
Supervised	7,408,694	11%	4,652,794	12%
Sub-standard	6,117,374	9%	5,356,975	14%
Doubtful	1,127,133	2%	4,105,258	11%
Compromised	6,150,839	9%	4,362,068	11%
Total	69,276,831	100%	38,673,529	100%

As per above table, the share of standard loans increased both in absolute value and in % share. The relative value increased by 18%: from 52% of the total portfolio until scrapping in 2020 to 70% in 2021.

Impairment provisions (details)

Calculated provisions represent impairment provisions related to granted loans portfolio.

Overdues	Granted loans portfolio	% Impairment provision	Impairment provision
Standard	48,472,791	2%	969,456
Supervised	7,408,694	5%	370,435

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

Sub-standard	6,117,374	30%	1,835,212
Doubtful	1,127,133	60%	676,280
Compromised	6,150,839	100%	6,150,839
	69,276,831		10,002,222
Write-offs (loans)	9,559,810		
Balance impairment provisions	10,002,222		

2020

Overdues	Granted loans portfolio	% Impairment provision	Impairment provision
Standard	20,196,434	2%	366,520
Supervised	4,652,794	5%	270,672
Sub-standard	5,356,975	30%	434,692
Doubtful	4,105,258	60%	621,651
Compromised	4,362,068	100%	559,089
	38,673,529		2,252,624
Write-offs (loans)	4,670,354		
Balance impairment provisions	9,068,883		

Impairment provisions	2021	2020
Balance at 1st of January	9,068,883	2,252,624
Write-offs	9,559,810	4,670,354
Annual expenses	11,115,791	11,491,728
Cancel provision	1,211,281	5,115
Recovery	588,639	
Balance at 31st of December	10,002,222	9,068,883

13. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

2021	2020
MDL	MDL
725,392	376,652
904,221	718,305
91	91
71,170	172,543
	999
1,700,874	1,268,590
2021	2020
MDL	MDL
480,405	154,168
121,531	27,128
123,456	195,356
725,392	376,652
	MDL 725,392 904,221 91 71,170 1,700,874 2021 MDL 480,405 121,531 123,456

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

Current accounts in foreign currencies (details)

, , , ,		2021	2	020
	Foreign	MDL	Foreign	MDL
	Currency		Currency	
BC Moldova Agoindbank SA (EUR)	45,000	904,221	34,000	718,305
		904,221		718,305
Bank deposits (details)				
		2021	20	020
	Management and a second and a second	MDL	M	DL
BC Moldova Agoindbank SA		91		91
		91		91

14. SHARE CAPITAL AND ADDITIONAL CAPITAL

At 31 of December 2021, share capital constitutes 2,500,000 MDL and additional capital constitutes 120,981 MDL.

Structure of shareholders

Name of shareholder	31 Decembe	As of 31 December 2021 Share of capital		As of 31 December 2020 Share of capital	
	MDL	%	MDL	%	
UAB Aldega Total	2,500,000	100	2,500,000	100	
1 Utai	2,500,000	100	2,500,000	100	

15. LONG-TERM LOANS RECEIVED FROM THE FOUNDERS

	Foreign Currency	2021	2020
	0.73	MDL	MDL
Long term loans UAB Aldega	EUR	57,367,799	
		57,367,799	0

N.C.O. "Aventus Finance" SRL has obtained loans from founders:

Loan granted by UAB Aldega, interest rate 17,7% and maturity 31.12.2024 – agreement nr. 1 from 01.02.2019. The outstanding at 31.12.2021 constitutes 2,855 KEUR.

16. LONG-TERM TRADE DEBTS

	2021	2020
	MDL	MDL
OCN BT LEASING MD SRL	421,477	0
	421,477	0

In 2021, the company acquired under financial leasing a car LEXUS NX300H.

17. SHORT-TERM LOANS RECEIVED FROM THE FOUNDERS

		Foreign Currency		2021	2020
		*		MDL	MDL
	Short term loans UAB Aldega	EUR			34,119,459
	Interest loans UAB Aldega	EUR		811,597	469,919
				811,597	34,589,378
18.	CURRENT COMMERCIAL DEBTS				
			2021		2020
			MDL		MDL
	Trade payables (in country)		471,084		292,198
	Trade payables (abroad)		396,853		2,635
			867,937		294,833
19.	LIABILITIES TOWARDS EMPLOYEE	S			
			2021		2020
			MDL		MDL
	Liabilities towards employees (salaries)*		570,359		424,962
	Liabilities towards advance holders		961		59
			571,320		425,021

^{*}The outstanding represents the liabilities towards employees for salaries. The payments were made on 03.01.2021.

20. SOCIAL AND MEDICAL INSURANCE DERTS

SOCIAL AND MEDICAL INSURANCE DE	DIS	
	2021	2020
	MDL	MDL
Social security contributions paid by employer	140,836	76,540
Individual social security contributions		25,513
Premiums for compulsory health insurance	1,684	
	142,520	102,053
DEBTS TO THE BUDGET		
	2021	2020
	MDL	MDL
Income tax from business activity	203,133	
Income tax from salaries	2,127.71	240
Witholding taxes	243.23	
VAT	180,498	100,981
Taxes for country planning	665	1,555
	386,667	102,776
	Social security contributions paid by employer Individual social security contributions Premiums for compulsory health insurance DEBTS TO THE BUDGET Income tax from business activity Income tax from salaries Witholding taxes VAT	Social security contributions paid by employer Individual social security contributions Premiums for compulsory health insurance 1,684 142,520 DEBTS TO THE BUDGET 2021 MDL Income tax from business activity Income tax from salaries 2,127.71 Witholding taxes 243.23 VAT Taxes for country planning 665

22.	OTHER CURRENT DEBTS		
		2021	2020
		MDL	MDL
	Preliminary debts for premiums for compulsory health insurance		19,135
	Liabilities related to loans overpayment	212,297	117,429
	Other short term liabilities	17,320	9,669
		229,617	146,233
23.	CURRENT PROVISIONS		
		2021	2020
		MDL	MDL
	Current provisions for unused vacation	472,829	373,050
		472,829	373,050
24.	SALES INCOME		
		2021	2020
		MDL	MDL
	Interest income	15,298,224	6,137,432
	Commission income	41,160,933	30,187,050
		56,459,157	36,324,482
25.	SALES COST		
		2021	2020
		MDL	MDL
	Salaries	7,400,840	3.298.762
	Social security Health insurance	1,348,196	591,482
	Interest on loans	9 222 609	148,118
	Commission for electronic payments	8,323,608 144,036	4,770,922
	Information services BIC	885,993	994,141
	Debt collection services	289,473	729,773
	Rent expense	1,773,124	689,539
	Cash receipt fees	1,773,124	682,562 337,659
	Credit granting services	239,388	337,039
	Repair services of rented spaces	202,163	
	Other services	410,244	333,080
	Other expenses	268,038	17,257
		21,285,103	12,593,295
	-	22,200,200	12,000,200
26.	OTHER INCOME FROM OPERATIONAL	ACTIVITY	
		2021	2020
		MDL	MDL
	Income from penalties	8,449,576	7,963,090
	Reversal of provision	630,736	121,002
	Revenue from sales of written off portfolio	1,427,468	121,002
	Revenue from recovery of written off debt	386,591	
	Other revenues	630,736	30,876
	_	10,894,371	8,114,968
	-		-,,-

27. DISRIBUTION EXPENSES

	2021 MDL	2020 MDL
Salaries	682,827	453,588
Social security	161,909	81,090
Health insurance	to construct √ counts.	20,533
Depreciation (fixed assets)	1,775	1,775
Advertising	4,130,667	3,105,805
Service Facebook	2,802,598	1,927,825
Service Google	3,859,008	2,541,117
Service Yandex	402,991	94,789
Marketing services		6,509
Promotional campaigns		126,122
Other commercial expenses	92,148	33,953
	12,195,283	8,579,370

28. ADMINISTRATIVE COST

	2021	2020
_	MDL	MDL
Salaries	3,327,017	2,635,264
Social security	806,895	512,637
Health insurance		80,154
Depreciation (fixed assets)	292,902	208,420
Amortization (intangible assets)	3,823	5,479
Low value and short useful life objects	351,565	370,992
AmCham member contribution	30,250	30,499
Communication	215,661	197,620
Bank commission	155,587	117,212
Representative expenses	91,379	10,780
Travel expenses	81,255	49,931
Accounting services		28,000
Expenses related to fixed assets reparation and	20,959	49,320
Material costs	184,367	32,283
Utilities	33,543	41,599
Taxes and duties	11,393	5,185
Regulatory payment for running costs	55,377	33,815
Training services	8,141	154,663
Rent expense	808,574	850,987
Audit fees	40,000	40,000
SMS-Advertising	366,408	269,442
Software license lease	50,734	293,412
IT development	5,633,883	costate such Proceeds source
Expenses related to agreement with Holding	388,323	
Leasing expenses	18,750	
IT maintenance services	61,846	
Sponsorship	68,000	
Provisions for unused vacation	472,829	373,050
Other services	210,207	253,311
Other expenses	593,735	170,377

Total	14.383.403	6 814 432

29. OTHER EXPENSES FROM OPERATIONAL ACTIVITY

	2021 MDL	2020 MDL
Expenses related to provisions for loans Expenses related to provisions for interest	11,115,791 994,303	11,491,728 1,182,752
Expenses related to provisions for commission	2,529,688	
Expenses related to events	182,594	3,663,945
Foreign exchange loss	198,728	206,445
Other expenses	231,806	234,556
	15,252,910	16,779,426

30. REVENUES AND EXPENSES FROM OTHER ACTIVITIES

	2021 MDL'000	2020 MDL'000
Revenues from financing activity		
Interest income Revenues from FX fluctuations Expenses from financing activity	4,769,806	15 1,190,802
Losses from FX fluctuations Result from other activities	(2,135,538) 2,634,268	(3,782,140) (2,591,323)

31. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

The tax rate in force in 2021 was 12% (2020: 12%).

The reconciliation of income tax expenses reflected in the financial statements and the amounts calculated at the standard rate of income tax is as follows:

	2021	2020
	MDL'000	MDL'000
Profit before tax	6,880,757	(2,918,396)
At statutory income tax rate of 12%	825,691	(2,710,270)
Income tax calculated from adjusted revenues for tax		
purposes	(44,766)	
Income tax calculated from adjusted expenses for tax		
purposes	122,012	
Losses carried forward	287,364	
Facilities granted as exemption for tax	14,315	
Total Income tax expense	601,257	0

32. RELATED PARTIES

During 2021, a number of transactions were entered with related parties in the normal course of business of "Aventus Finance" SRL. These transactions comprise receipts of loans, payments of dividends, purchase of services from related parties and others.

In the table below, the transactions and the balances with related parties at the end of the year:

-		7				
790.442		790,442	Salary and bonus			
242,000		242,000	Car leasing	Administrator	Director	2
		0	Dividends			
8,323,608		399,140 EUR	Interest for loan			
		0	Loan paid		IJAB ALDEGA	
25,834,969		1,240,000 EUR	Received loan	Founder 100%		
Equivalent	Ħ	Nominal	Nature of transaction	Type of affiliation	Name of related party	Nr.
ction	transac	Volume of transaction				

Total	Director	Shareholders	Related party
790,442	790,442		Remuneration MDL
0		0	Dividends MDL
242,000	242,000		Rent MDL
8,323,608		8,323,608	Interests MDL
9,356,050	1,032,442	8,323,608	Total MDL

Directors' remuneration

Executive management was paid in 2021 in total amount of 790,4425 MDL.

33. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Taking into consideration that at the date of approval of these Financial Statements, the present degree of uncertainty and unpredictable evolution of Covid pandemic, along with Government intervention measures and regulations necessary during this period remains high.

At the date the financial statements are authorized for the issue no adjusting events occurred that that may materially affect the financial statements.

34. BUSINESS CONTINUITY

The present financial statements were made in compliance with business continuity principle that implies the company continues normally its activity in the predictable future, without the intention of liquidation, of suspension of activity or of searching protection against creditors according legislation.

Therefore, the assets and liabilities are registered following the principle that the company will be able to realize its assets and to honor its obligations during its normal activity.

35. FINANCIAL RISKS ENCOUNTERED BY THE COMPANY

In 2021 and in the perspective of 2021, the company was and may be exposed to the following financial risks:

a) Market risk comprises three types of risk:

- Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk of losses which appears as consequence of modification of exchange rate. The amounts of monetary assets and liabilities held in MDL and other main currencies are presented in the table below:

		31st of Decei	nber 2021	
	Total	MDL	EUR	USD
	MDL	MDL	MDL	MDL
ASSETS				
Intangible assets, net	51,129	51,129		
Tangible assets, net	1,168,087	1,168,087		
Long term financial assets	154,489	154,489		
Inventories	133,697	133,697		
Receivables	5,255,643	5,255,405	238	
Short term investments	59,274,609	59,274,609		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,700,874	796,653	904,221	0
Other short term assets	30,972	30,972	,	
Total assets	67,769,500	66,865,041	904,459	0
LIABILITIES				
Long term financial liabilities	57,789,276	421,477	57,367,799	0
Short term financial liabilities	811,597	0	811,597	0
Trade payables	867,937	471,084	396,853	
Liabilities towards employees	571,320	571,320	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Liabilities for social security	142,520	142,520		
Liabilities towards the budget	386,640	386,640		
Other calculated liabilities	229,617	229,617		
Total liabilities	60,798,906	2,222,658	58,576,249	0

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended at 31 December 2021

As you can see from the table above, assets and liabilities in currency aren't balanced. By consequence, there is a risk to generate losses from drop of exchange rate. During the financial year 2021, this risk had a positive impact – expenses from FX fluctuations are lower than revenues from FX fluctuations.

- Interest rate risk

The interest rate risk appears in case of interest rate fluctuations on the market that have negative impact on company's results. The company's operations are subject to risk of interest rate fluctuations to the extent that interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities mature at different times or in different amounts. Risk management activities are aimed at optimizing net interest income, given market interest rate levels consistent with the company's business strategies. Therefore, the period with stable interest rate for a financial instrument indicates the sensitivity to interest rate risk. Taking into account that the company has loans and credits with interest rates, this risk had positive impact recording interest incomes more than interest expenses.

- Price risk

Price risk is the risk that changes in market prices, will affect the value of company's holdings, even if the changes are caused by specific national and international factors.

Assets value can vary due to market fluctuations and the objective is to manage the risk separately for each type of asset:

- For tangible assets, this risk is mitigated in case the company has no intention to sell the assets.
- For inventories and services, this risk isn't significant.

b) Credit risk

Credit risk denotes the probability of incurring losses as the debtor could not meet contractual clauses. The company is exposed to credit risk if 5% from its loan portfolio has registered arrears higher than 90 days.

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of losses in case of company's difficulty in meeting obligations at the maturity. As presented below, the analysis of liquidity indicators allows concluding that "Aventus Finance" SRL isn't exposed to liquidity risk.

Liquidity indicators	2020	2021	Recommended value
	MDL	MDL	value
Treasury assets (cash on hand)	1,268,590	1,700,874	
Current assets	35,669,195	66,395,795	
Inventories	183,873	133,697	
Current liabilities	35,660,295	3,009,630	
Cash ratio			
(Treasury assets /Current liabilities)	0.04	0.57	>0.2
Quick ratio - acid-test ratio			
(Current assets -Inventories/ Current liabilities)	1.00	22.02	>1
Current ratio			
(Current assets/Current liabilities)	1.00	22.06	1.5-2

d) Operational risk

The company has a good business management framework, which includes a clear organizational structure with well-defined responsibilities, transparent and consistent, effective procedures of identification, management, monitoring and reporting of risks and adequate internal control, which includes administrative and accounting procedures.

Profitabilty indicators

	2020 MDL	2021 MDL
Revenues	36,324,482	56,459,157
Net profit	(2,918,396)	6,279,500
Gross profit	23,731,186	35,174,054
Total operating expenses	44,766,523	63,116,699
Total assets	36,266,428	67,769,500
Equity	233,084	6,497,737
Gross margin		
(Gross profit / revenues*100%)	65%	62%
General profitability ratio		
(Net profit / Total operating expenses*100%)		10%
Return on assets (ROA) (Net Profit / Total assets*100%)	-8%	9%
Return on equity (ROE) (Net Profit / Equity*100%)	-1252%	97%
Economic profitability ratio		
(Gross profit/Total Assets*100%)	65%	52%

Other indicators

	2020 MDL	2021 MDL
Revenues	36,324,482	56,459,157
Fixed assets	597,233	1,373,704
Total assets	36,266,428	67,769,500
Equity	233,084	6,497,737
Long term capital	,	-, ,
(Equity + Long term liabilities)	233,084	64,287,014
Current liabilities	35,660,295	3,009,657
Total debts	35,660,295	60,798,933
Financial autonomy ratio		
(Equity /Long term capital)	1.00	0.10
Solvency rate		
(Total assets/Current liabilities)	1.02	22.52
Rate of overall indebtedness		
(Current liabilities/Total assets)	0.98	0.04
Financial leverage		
(Total debts/Equity)	152.99	9.36

N.C.O. "AVENTUS FINANCE" S.R.L. EXPLANATORY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended at 31 December 2021

Fixed assets turnover ratio		
(Revenues/Fixed assets)	60.82	41.10
Total assests turnover ratio		
(Revenues/Total Assets)	1.00	0.83

36. THE ACTIVITY OF PREVENTION AND COMBATING MONEY LAUNDERING AND TERRORIST FINANCING

The activity of prevention and combating money laundering and terrorist financing at "Aventus Finance" LLC is organized in strict conformity with the national regulatory acts, international experience in this sphere, as well as the practice existing in the Republic of Moldova. Being aware of the importance of preventing and combating money laundering and terrorist financing, the company takes all the necessary measures on ensuring the implementation of the principles of prevention and combating money laundering and terrorist financing in the daily actions at all levels of activity.

To protect itself against the risk of money laundering and terrorist financing, the internal regulatory acts on the prevention and combating money laundering and terrorist financing are updated pursuant to the last amendments to the Law No. 308 dated December 22, 2017 on prevention and combating money laundering and terrorist financing, the Regulation of the National Commission for Financial Markets on activity of microfinance organizations regarding prevention and combating money laundering and terrorist financing dated August 04, 2011, as well as to the conventions, agreements of the international organizations (Money Val Committee, Financial Action Task Force (FATF), International Monetary Fund, World Bank). The emphasis is permanently placed on the analytical approach in this activity, the customer identification measures, as well as the accumulation of the necessary information in accordance with the legislation in force. The procedures of control of the risks associated with the money laundering and terrorist financing are applied depending on the level and the category of the customers. Thus, the company identifies, evaluates and treats the exposure to the risks associated to the customers in order to prevent its involvement in illegal transactions. Following the purpose above, were applied procedures of attribution of risk degree to each customer, in order to optimize the processes of management of the risks related to the involvement of the company in the processes of money laundering and terrorist financing, at ensuring the reasonability and commensurateness of the measures taken for the risk minimalization.

At the same time, all necessary actions are taken in order to achieve high financial results, increase sales and attract new customers, while executing the provisions of the current legislation.

The management of the company organizes carrying out of the activity of money laundering prevention, ensures the personnel training on issues of money laundering prevention, maintains correspondence with the organizations involved in this process as well as performs development of the drafts of the internal regulatory acts for the purpose of efficient ongoing of the process related to money laundering counterattacking means.